



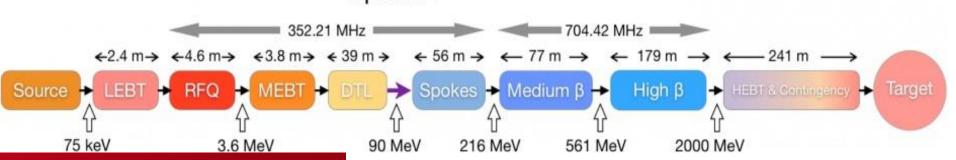
DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE



ENGINEERING CHALLENGES FOR BIG SCIENCE PROJECTS AT CEA-IRFU

1st BRIGHTNESS WORKSHOP

Optimus+



Florence ARDELLIER

www.cea.fr





1. CHALLENGE FOR LARGE ENGINEERING SYSTEM

2. CEA IRFU ORGANISATION CUSTOMIZED FOR LARGE SCIENCE PROJECT CONTRIBUTIONS

3.CEA IN KIND CONTRIBUTION FOR ESS ACCELERATOR

- CEA IKC for accelerator construction
- managerial interfaces
- interface control documents & drawings
- deviation process control
- risk register

4. CONCLUSION



Challenges

for

Large Science Projects?

CEA CHALLENGES FOR LARGE SYSTEMS ENGINE

Innovative, complex, integrated, compact and gigantic, more powerful and sensitive

New technologies to use and to custom

Environnement contraints: intense beams. magnetic field, accessibility, safety rules, ...

Reliability, « long » life cycle

Limited Budget: prototypes and demonstrators have to be limited

Internationale collaborations with several contact persons, different standards

Very tight time schedule

Splitted contributions with complex interfaces

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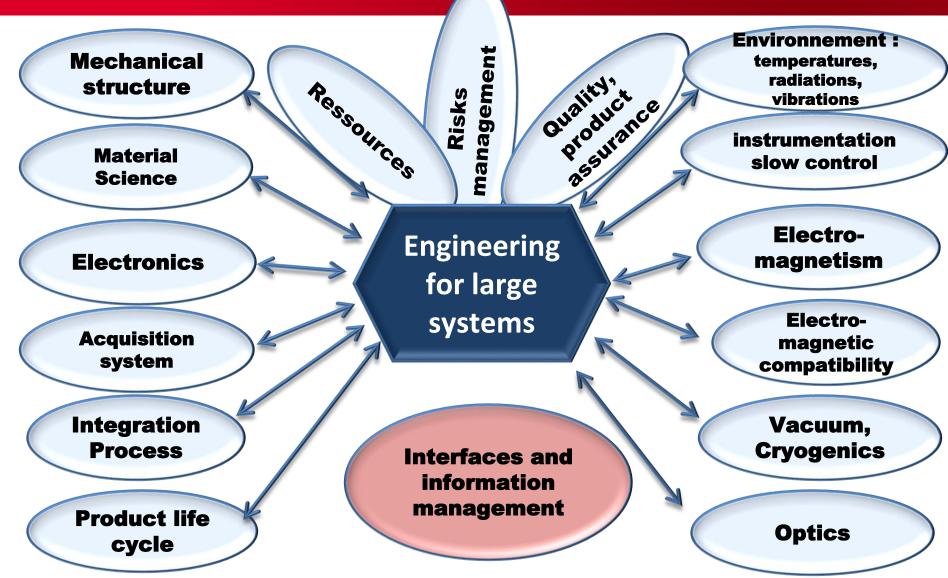
Adapted « technical » tools : → PLM, CAD, ERP...

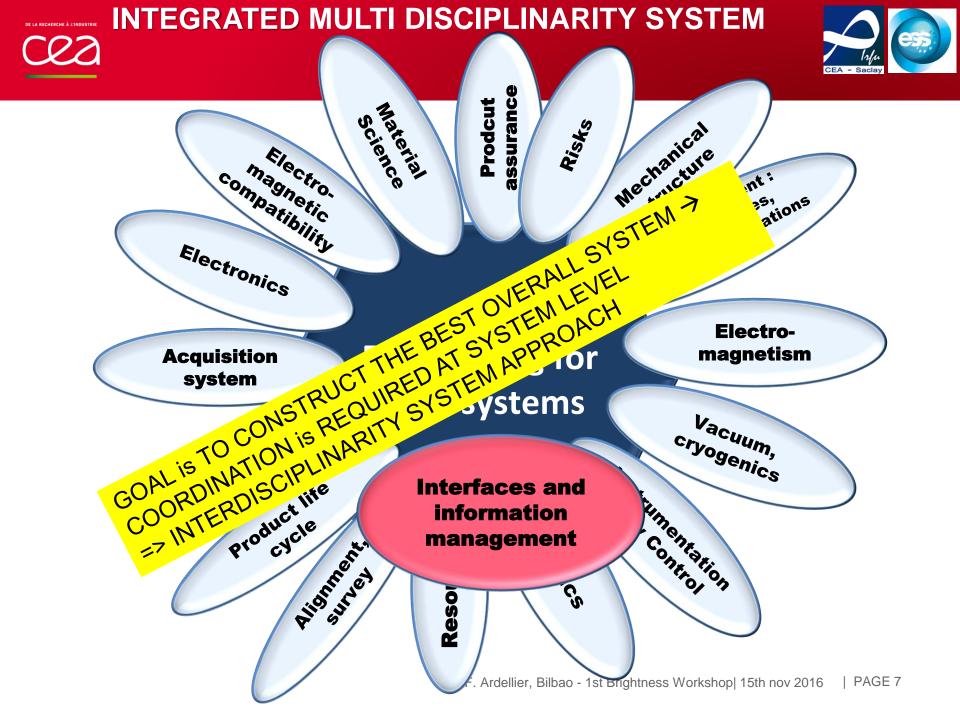


Customized methodology and process

CHALLENGES FOR LARGE SYSTEM ENGINEERING: MULTIDISCIPLINARITY









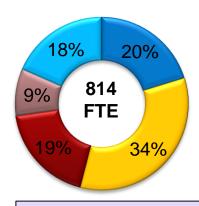


IRFU ORGANISATION AND SOME HIGHLIGHT CONTRIBUTIONS TO LARGE SCIENCE PROJECT



IRFU: SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND ENGINEERING





~800 FTE 632/615 CDI/CDI-CEA

- Physicists 165 FTE
- Engineers 274 FTE
- Technicians 152 FTE
- Adm. Staff 72 FTE
- PhD & Post Docs 150 FTE

Missions

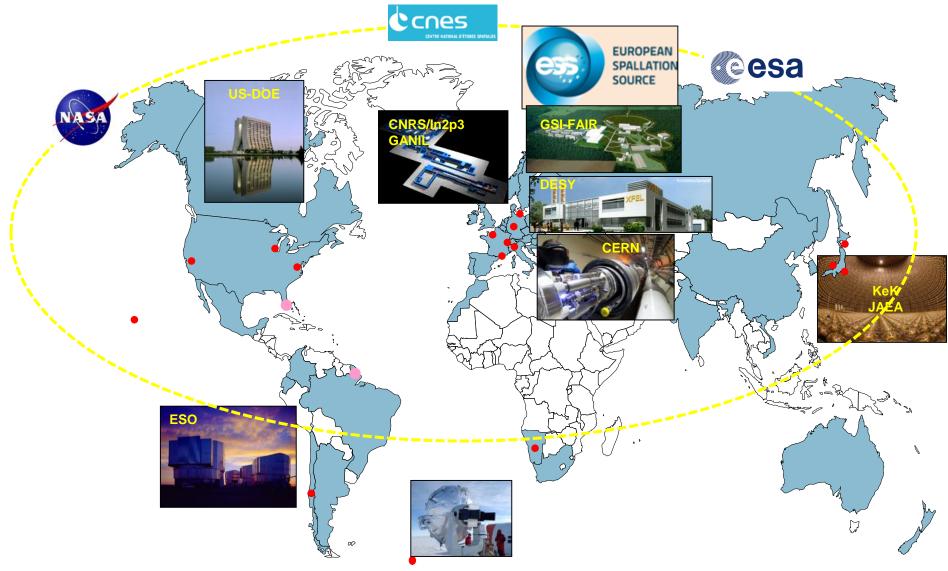
- Physics of the two infinites
- Technology for Radiations
- Engineering

Institute of Research into the Fundamental laws of Universe **SAp**: Astrophysics **SACM**: Accelerators, 116 perm. 125 perm 94 temp. Space technologies Supra. Magnets 25 temp **SEDI**: Detectors, 56 perm. 125 perm. **SPhN**: Nuclear Physics 29 temp. electronic, computing 11 temp. 72 perm. 97 perm. **SPP**: Particle Physics **SIS**: Systems engineering 45 temp. 15 temp



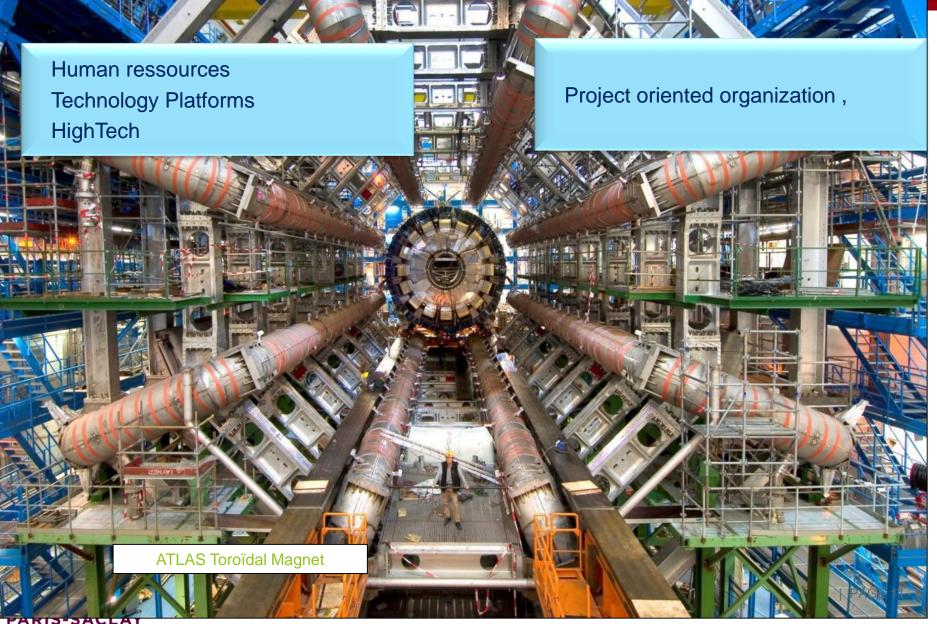
IRFU CONTRIBUTES TO WORLD LARGE INFRASTRUCTURES IN PHYSICS





PARTICIPATION TO LARGE PROJECT ENGINEERING CHALLENGES







SPIRAL2: RFQ & CRYOMODULES









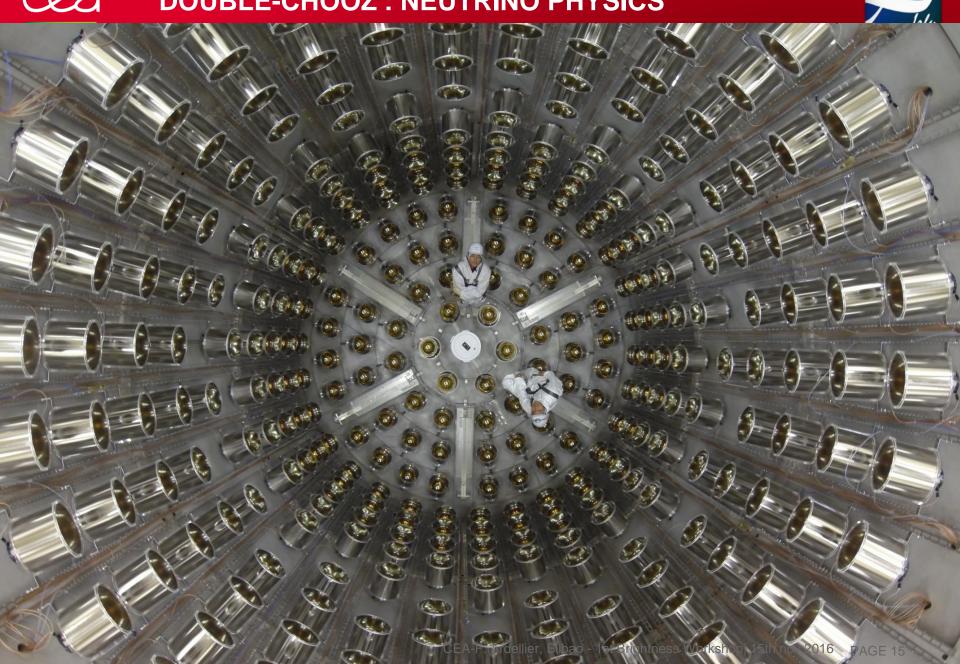
JT-60SA TEST STATION (TEST FACILITY MAGNETS FOR FUSION TOKAMAK)





CEST L'INDUSTRIE

DOUBLE-CHOOZ: NEUTRINO PHYSICS

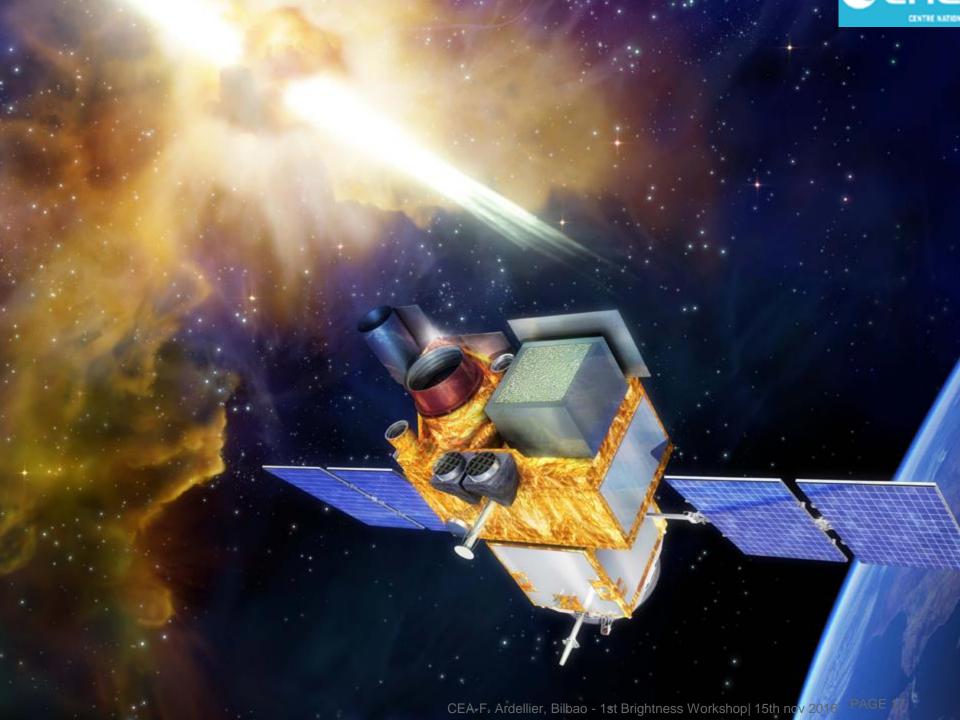




EXTRA LARGE TELESCOPE UNDER CONSTRUCTION (LEADED BY ESO)



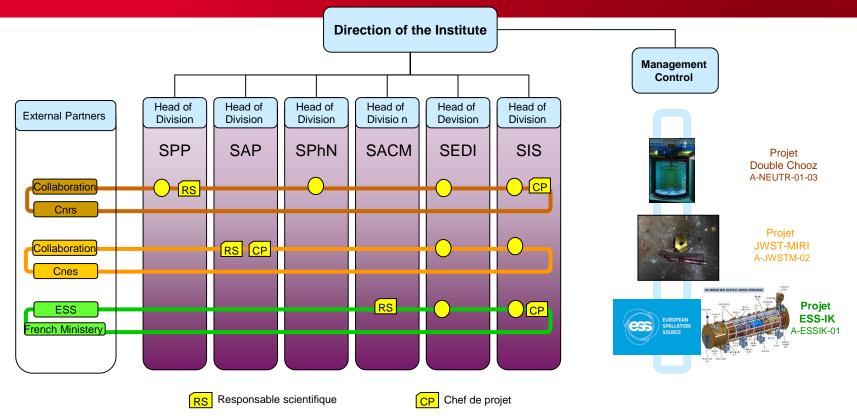






IRFU ORGANISATION FOR BIG SCIENCE PROJECTS CHALLENGES





Direction of the institute : Provide ressources, cover risks, realise arbitrations

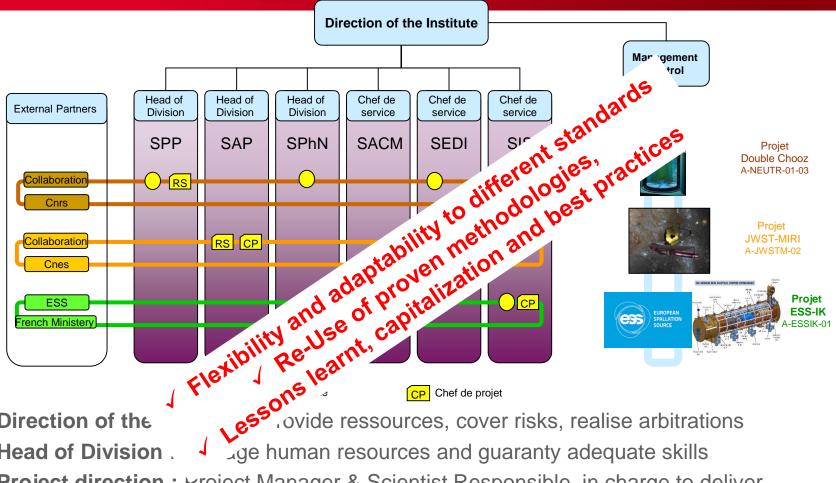
Head of Division : manage human resources and guaranty adequate skills

Project direction: Project Manager & Scientist Responsible in charge to deliver instruments / components with the respect performances / cost / time schedule



IRFU ORGANISATION FOR BIG SCIENCE PROJECTS CHALLENGES





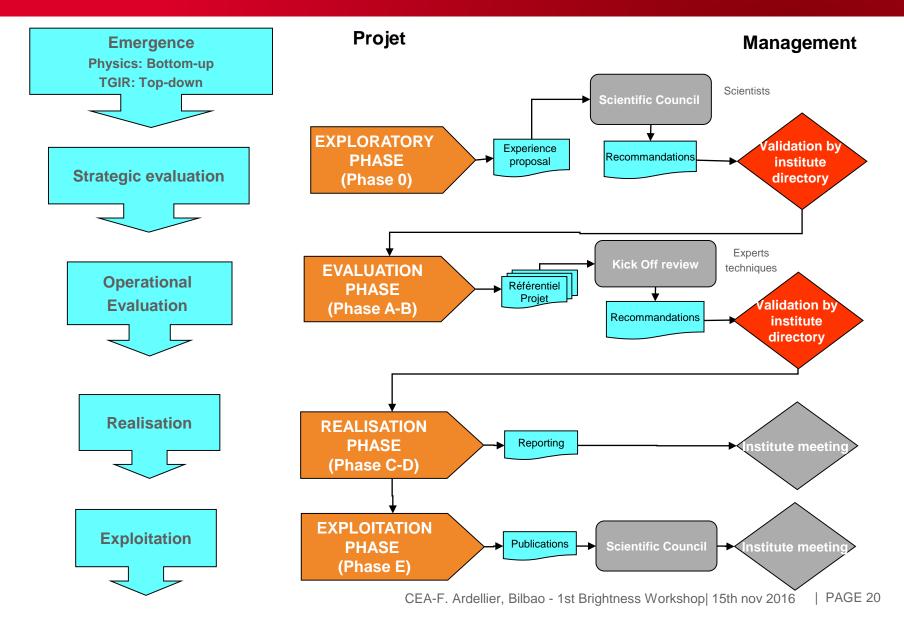
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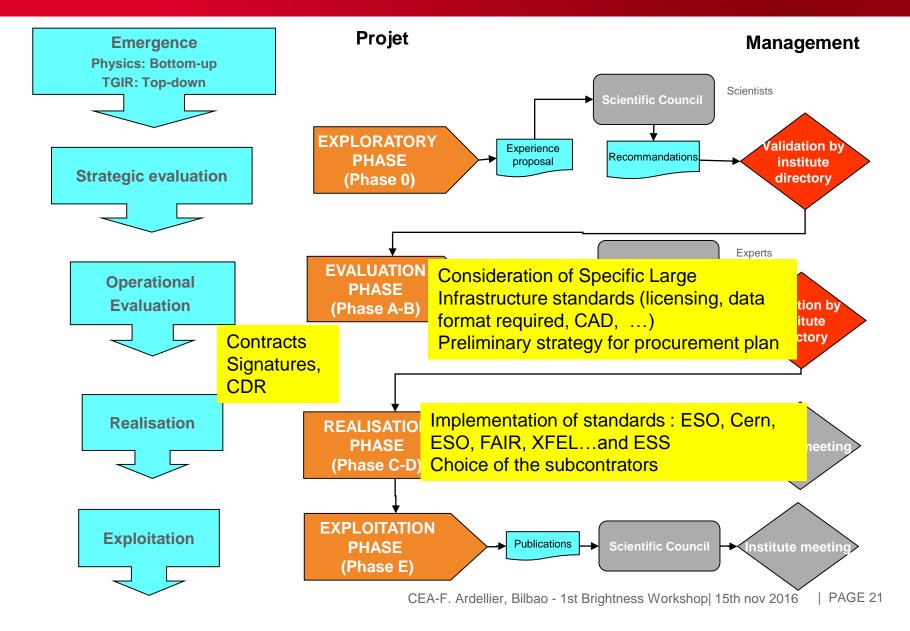
IRFU « STANDARD » PROCESS OF THE PROJECTS MANAGEMENT



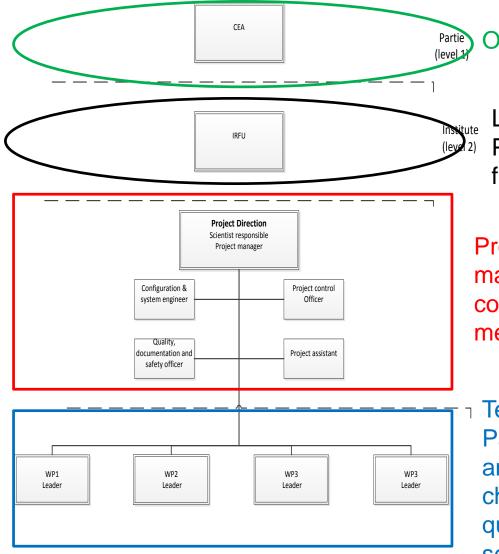


STANDARD PROCESS OF THE PROJECTS MANAGEMENT





CON IRFU « STANDARD » ORGANISATION



Organisms governance (CEA) → strategy

Laboratories directory (Irfu) →
Programmatic: steering committee,
financial boards, risks, change SoW ...

Project Management → system management including PAQ, configuration, risks register, conformity meeting, schedule,...

Technical & Engineering Level (Work-Packages leaders) → technical design and developments, realisation process choices and follow up, technical qualifications and acceptance, schedule...



FOR INKIND CONTRIBUTION PROJECTS, KEYS ENGINEERING PARAMETER TO SET UP:



- ✓ Contribution perimeters and deliverables:
 - ✓ Reference Scope of Work to be approved during Kick Off meeting
- ✓ Interfaces definition
 - ✓ Technical: limit of the components delivered and associated documentation
 - ✓ Format of data exchanges
 - ✓ Organisation and communication / decision scheme
- ✓ Process for changes / deviations management
 - ✓ Implemented from reference configuration
- ✓ Risks management





CEA IN KIND CONTRIBUTION FOR ESS ACCELERATOR

- CEA IKC OVERVIEW
- MANAGERIAL INTERFACES
- INTERFACE DRAWINGS
- DEVIATION PROCESS CONTROL
- RISK REGISTER



CEA IN KIND PERIMETER FOR ESS ACCELERATOR CONSTRUCTION

- CEA IRFU contributes to 4 different ESS WPS
 <u>For Elliptical Cryomodules WP</u>
 - Collaboration with CNRS/ IPNO for Cryomodules CAD Design
 - ESS partners for cavities (INFN/LASA & STFC) in the assembly process

Diagnostics

Juin 2016 : Doppler Nov 2016 : EMU Avril 2019 : nBLM Juin 2019 : profileurs



EPICS

faisceau non invasifs

Integrated Control System

Mi-2016: Proton Source LEBT

2017: RFQ

coupleursconditioning

Mi 2018: RFQ vaccum &

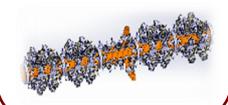
thermal contril



<u>RFQ</u>

Mid 2018: delivery ar Lund

- RFQ & support
- Thermal system
- Tools for assembly in tunnel

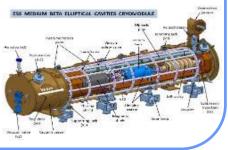


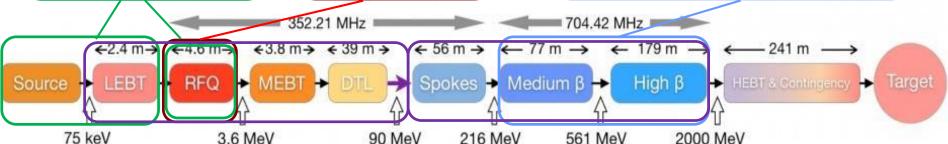
Elliptical Cryomodules

Demonstrators (M-ECCTD & H-ECCTD) 30 Elliptical Cryomodules

- Components supply (apart cavities) t et caractérisation des composants (sauf cavités)
- Assemblage & part of Cryomodules tests

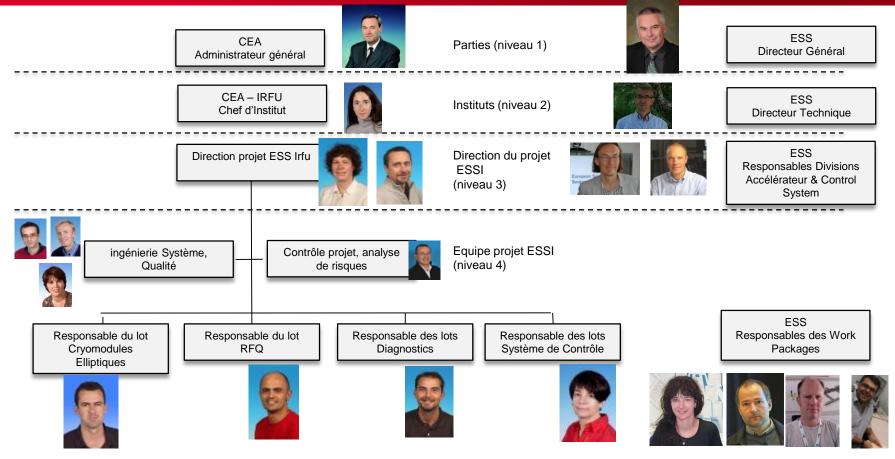
2018-19 : 9 CM Med β 2019-22 : 21 CM High β







IRFU IKC for ACCELERATOR CONSTRUCTION: BILATERAL AGREEMENT between ESS-ERIC & CEA



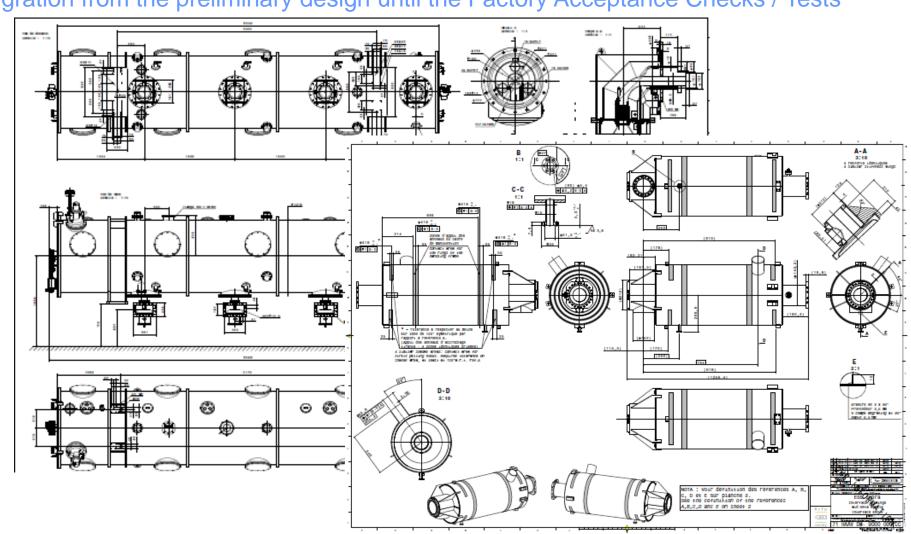
- Niveau 1 : Strategy : meeting on demand,
- Niveau 2 : Coordination Committee for IKC follow up : 2 / years,
- Niveau 3: Reporting & Technical Coordination: 2 / months
- Niveau 4 : Monthly reports & weekly exchanges



INTERFACES CONTROL DOCUMENT

Resources allocation

Interface drawings: limit the technical perimeter of procurement and get compliant the integration from the preliminary design until the Factory Acceptance Checks / Tests

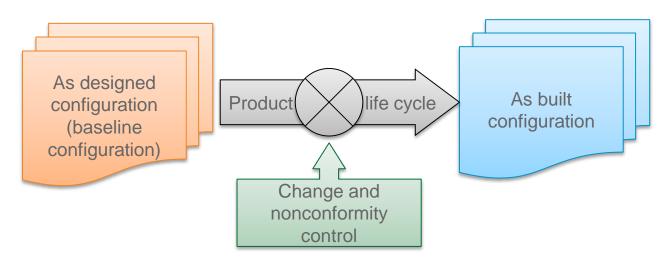


CES DEVIATION CONTROL SYSTEM



The procedure CEA-ESS-PJT-AQ-0004 (Procédure de traitement des nonconformités et des demandes de modification du projet ESSI) covers non conformity and change request.

It describes the process for the control of non conformities and for the configuration baseline changes.



For the ESSI project, the reference configuration for an item is the configuration defined at the kick off meeting (extract from ESSI Quality Plan).



CLASSIFICATION OF THE DEVIATIONS INTO 3 LEVELS





| | MINOR | INTERMEDIATE MAJOR | MAJOR | | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | CEA WP | CEA PMO/WP | ESS | | | |
| | responsibility | responsibility | responsibility | | | |
| | N1 | L2 | N3 | | | |
| Safety of people and equipment | | X | DEVIATION WITH | | | |
| Operational, fucntional and technical requirements | | X | « USE AS IS », « REPAIR » AND | | | |
| Interfaces with subsystems of the accelerator | | X | « SCRAP » DISPOSITIONS TRANSMITTED TO | | | |
| Reliability, maintenability and availability | | X | ESS ALL MAJOR | | | |
| Lifetime | | X | NONCONFORMITIES RELATIVE TO | | | |
| Changes or nonconformance from approved qualification or established procedure | | X | CAVITIES | | | |
| Internal interfaces | X | | | | | |
| Deviations occurred during assembly and test | X | | | | | |

Minor deviation:

Deviation which cannot be classified major.

In case of several minor deviations on the same component, the classification shall be reevaluated (remain minor or reclassified major).



PROCESS FLOWCHART SHARED WITH ESS

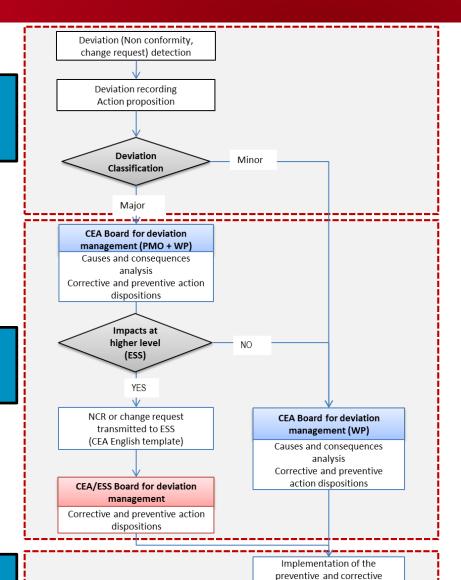




Procédure de traitement des non-conformités et des demandes de modification du projet ESSI (Référence CEA-ESS-PJT-AQ-0004)

Step 1: Detect and record the deviation

Step 2: Analyse the root causes and the consequences Validate the corrective and preventive actions



Step 3: Implement the actions

Step 4: Check the actions and close the report

Verification and close out

actions



RISKS MANAGEMENT

Risks register is shared with ESS and updated every 6 months

<u>Initial</u>: 18 risks in severe zone 01/2015

<u>Currently</u>: 9 risks in severe zone

<u>Currently</u>: 9 risks in severe zone

| ESSI All WP risks portfolio - before mitigation | | | | | | | ESSI All WP risks portfolio - under mitigation | | | | | | ESSI All WP risks portfolio - after mitigation | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------|------------|----------|-------------------|--|--|-------------------|---------|------------|----------|-------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------|---------|------------|----------|-------------------|
| Very Likely (16) | - | - | 1 | - | - | | Very Likely (16) | - | - | - | - | - | | Very Likely (16) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Likely (8) | - | 1 | 4 | 10 | 2 | | Likely (8) | - | 1 | 2 | 3 | - | | Likely (8) | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| Not likely (4) | - | - | 4 | 12 | 5 | | Not likely (4) | - | 1 | 6 | 14 | 6 | | Not likely (4) | - | - | 3 | 1 | - |
| Unlikely (2) | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | | Unlikely (2) | - | 4 | 2 | 6 | 5 | | Unlikely (2) | - | 5 | 13 | 5 | 2 |
| Not Credible (1) | - | - | - | 3 | - | | Not Credible (1) | - | - | 2 | 3 | 1 | | Not Credible (1) | 1 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 7 |
| | Negligible (1) | LOW (2) | MEDIUM (4) | HIGH (8) | VERY HIGH (16) | | | Negligible (1) | LOW (2) | MEDIUM (4) | HIGH (8) | VERY HIGH (16) | | | Negligible (1) | LOW (2) | MEDIUM (4) | HIGH (8) | VERY HIGH (16) |

Most critical risks (9) - in **severe** zone - are currently:

- Management & Engineering: Unclear definition of interfaces K64
- CM assembly: Assembly contractor not fully efficient (at the starting time mainly) K64
- CM components: Series components integrated not matching performances K64
- CM components / Couplers: Pre-serie will not reach the expected performance during conditioning K128
- RFQ: Couplers not reaching specifications (800 kW) K64
- RFQ: Difficulties to perform RFQ sections brazing K64
- RFQ: RFQ compromised during conditioning K64



CONCLUSIONS

DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE

KEY ELEMENTS FOR EFFICIENT INFORMATION MANAGEMENT:



- 1. Perimeters (SoW) and Interfaces well identified and managed very accurately
- 2. Data to be registered have to be identified as « useful by users » (scientists and / or large infractructure organization) and could / will be provided by partners / contributors.
- 3. Standards baseline and methodology have to be fixed in the reference configuration and integrated in the Product Assurance Plan:
 - → Requirements for partners
- 4. Communication, exchanges and decisions at the right level
 - 1. Keep a collaborative spirit
- Engineering tools must integrate « system approach »
 - 1. → Multi physics platform for design
 - 2. Virtual reality for communication, interferences, maintenance plan ...
 - 3. Collaborative Platform for data exchanges
 - 4. ERP, ...

Engineering Soft Tools must be customised to the needs and not drive the project



INKIND CONTRIBUTION FOR ESS IS AN EXISTING CHALLENGE







COLLABORATIVE SPIRIT IS ONE KEY FOR SUCCESS





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION